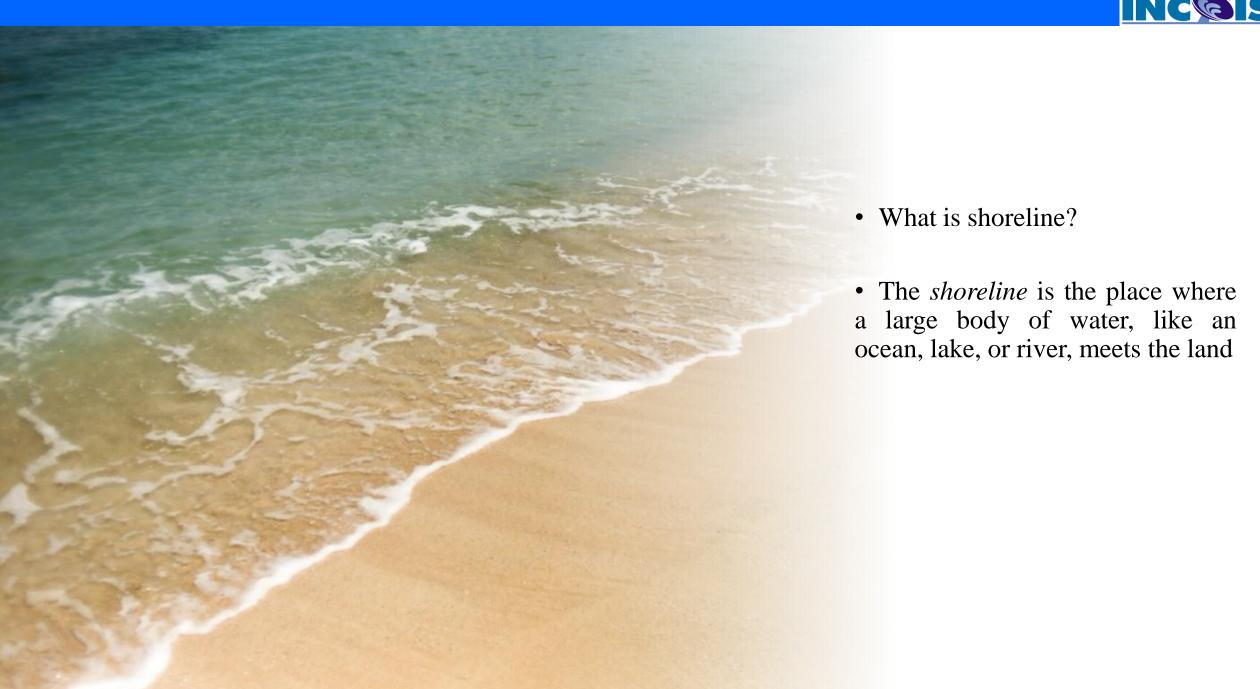




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ITCOOcean Training Program
on
"Coastal Vulnerability Mapping and Analysis using QGIS"
Organized by
International Training Center for Operational Oceanography (ITCOO)
INCOIS, Hyderabad, India
Nov 20 – 24, 2023





# Satellite image Download (Landsat data)

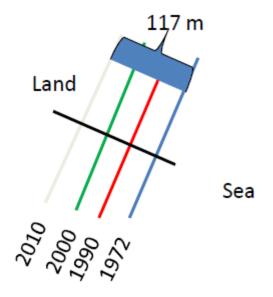


What is shoreline change?

Shoreline change refers to the loss or gain of land area or changes to the landscape on the marine edge.

The shoreline is constantly influenced by sea level variations, climate and ecosystems that occur over a wide range of time scales.

The processes of erosion, accretion, sedimentation, patterns of wind, wave, and sea level rise caused shoreline changes,



# Satellite image Download (Landsat data)



#### Satellite data selection for shoreline extraction

- Select Cloud-free satellite data (Jan to March)
- Select high tide duration satellite passes (use wxtide software)

http://www.wxtide32.com/

https://semiautomaticclassificationmanual.readthedocs.io/en/latest/faq.html?fbclid=IwAR2zxlsF4gqQw8D5f8RM3bRiSZFu6hnsDKbnc\_B0aPxzLXxePkbbjTd7m2s#can-i-use-the-previous-version-7-of-scp

Useful links:

QGIS Older versions: <a href="https://download.qgis.org/downloads/">https://download.qgis.org/downloads/</a>

QGIS Plugins: <a href="https://plugins.qgis.org/plugins/">https://plugins.qgis.org/plugins/</a>

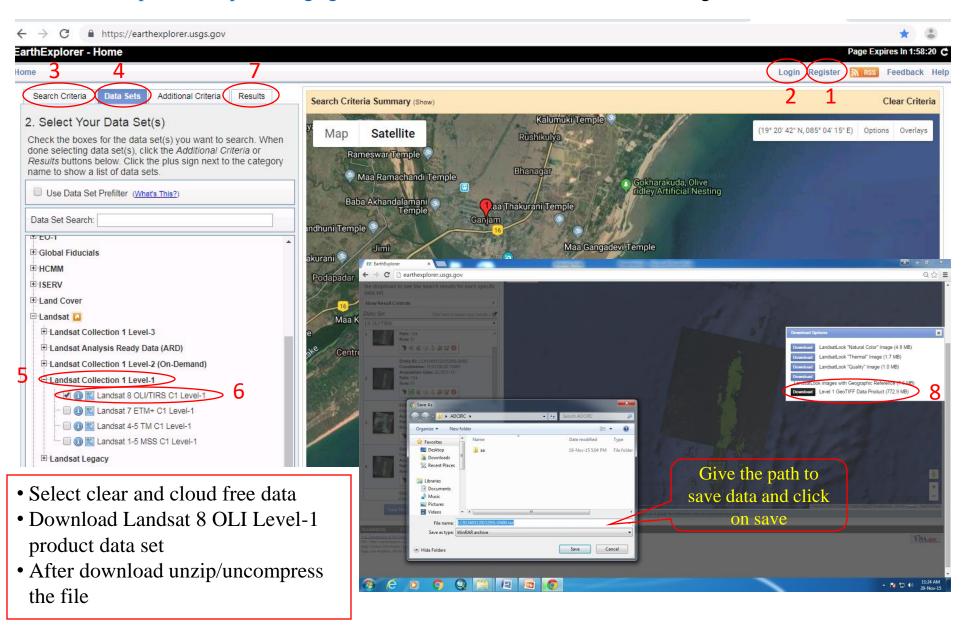
https://www.usgs.gov/landsat-missions/landsat-collection-2

https://www.usgs.gov/landsat-missions/landsat-science-products

# Satellite image Download (Landsat data)



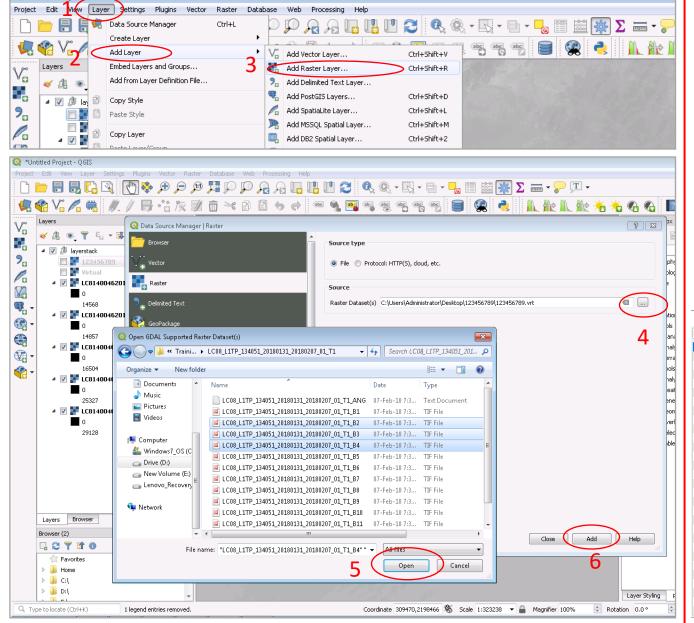
➤ Go to <a href="http://earthexplorer.usgs.gov/">http://earthexplorer.usgs.gov/</a> and create new user account —— Login



### Raster data opening in QGIS:



#### Method 01

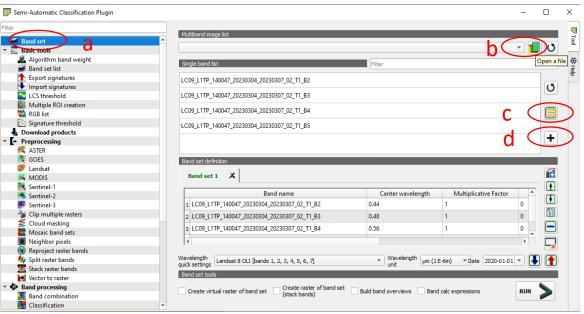


#### Method 02

Go to SCP tool  $\rightarrow$  Band set,  $\rightarrow$  click on Open a file  $\rightarrow$  browse and select bands  $\rightarrow$  Open

#### Add bands to band set:

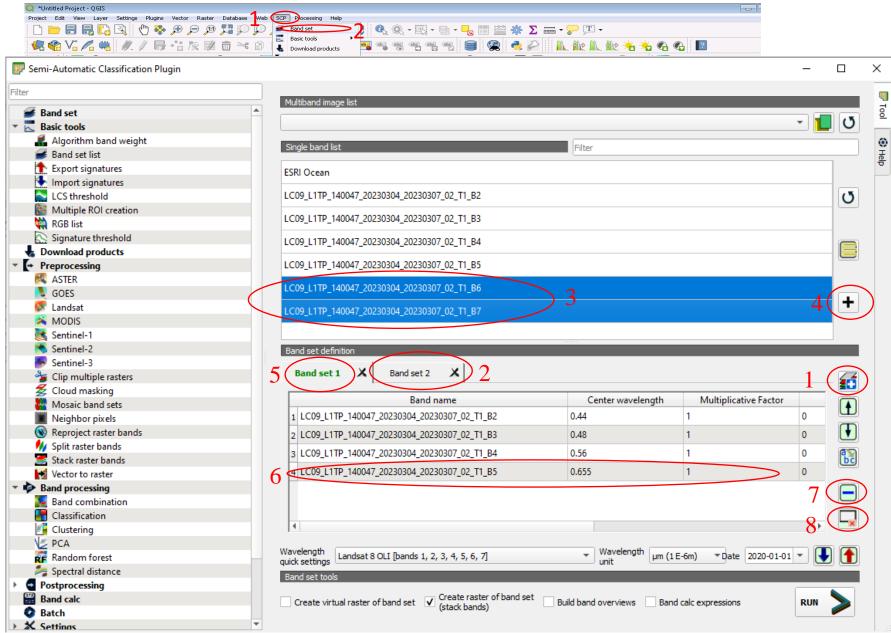
After the above step  $\rightarrow$  click on select all bands  $\rightarrow$  click on Add band to band set.



#### Adding data to multiple band sets:







In the last slide, one band set is created If we want to create more band sets and Add different bands to them.

Create new band set and add bands:

Clock on add a new band set → and select that new band to Add bands to that band set → select Bands and click on add bands to band set.

Add or remove bands from the band set:

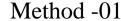
select bands in the band set to remove For that band, click on the delete row.

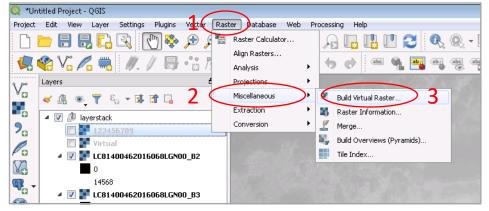
To remove all bands from band set → click on reset.

Select band set and select bands in single band and click on add bands to band set.

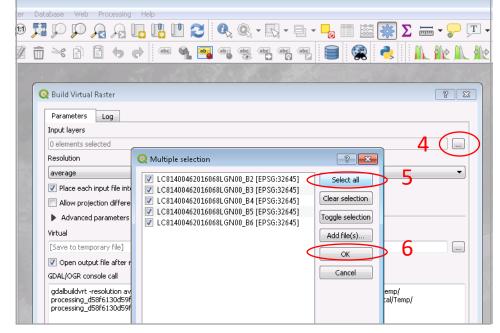
# Raster Band Composition/ Layerstack:









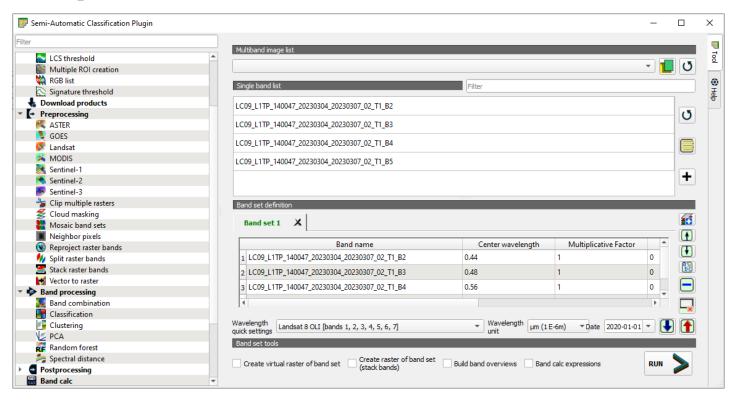


Go to Raster Miscellaneous  $\rightarrow$  Build Virtual Raster  $\rightarrow$ Input layers, select our bands  $\rightarrow$ go to Virtual  $\rightarrow$  save file  $\rightarrow$  give the name and path  $\rightarrow$  run

#### Method -02

Go to SCP tools → bands are added to band set → click on create raster of band set (stack bands) → click on run → give output folder or

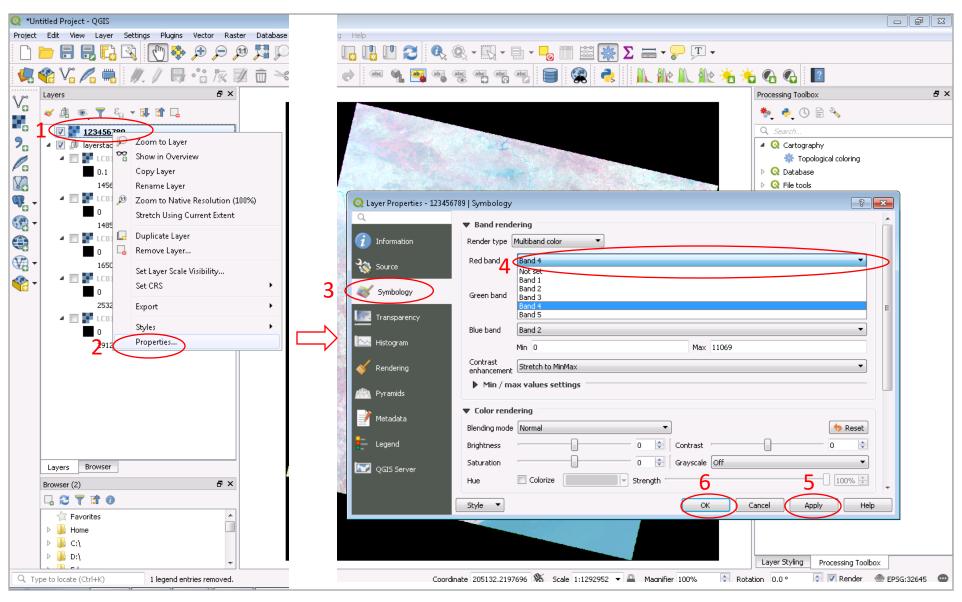
Go to Preprocessing  $\rightarrow$  Stack Raster Bands  $\rightarrow$  Select bands set  $\rightarrow$  Run  $\rightarrow$  Give path and name.



### Change the band combination

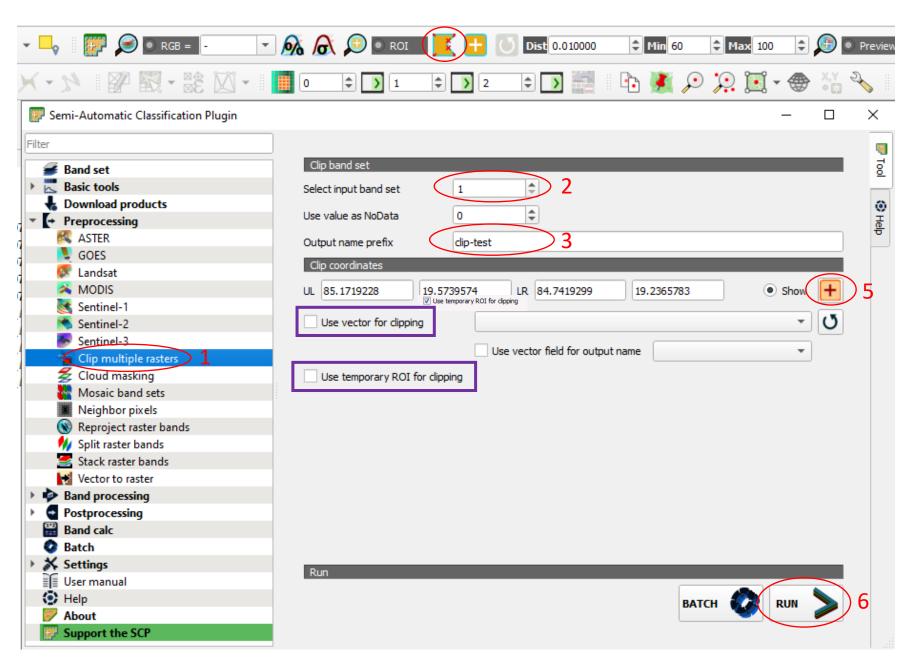


➤ Select the FCC image — right click — properties



### Image Clipping





ightharpoonup Go to SCP 
ightharpoonup preprocessing 
ightharpoonup Clip multiple rasters 
ightharpoonup Select band set 
ightharpoonup Use value as no data: 0 
ightharpoonup O/P name: give any name 
ightharpoonup to select RIO click on set an area in the map, 
ightharpoonup put points on the map, 
ightharpoonup click on the run 
ightharpoonup give output folder name.

#### **Select ROI using a vector file:**

If you have an ROI vector file we can use that file to clip the raster image → open the vector file in map window → just check the use vector for clipping: select our vector file → and run give o/p path.

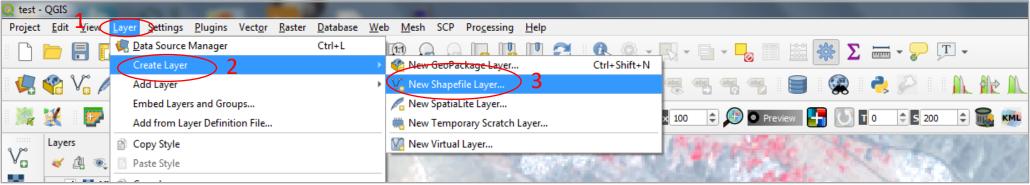
#### **Select ROI using temporary ROI:**

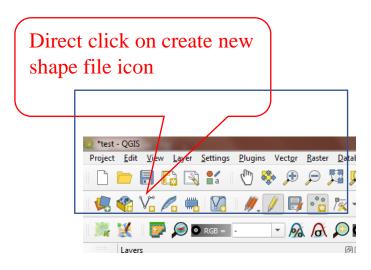
Using the ROI tool in the map window draw ROI on the map/image. Now in SCP Check use temporary ROI for clipping → run → give output path.

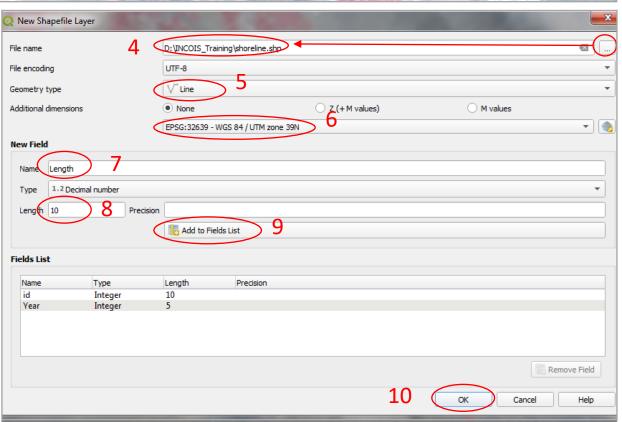
### Line Shapefile creation:



➤ Go to layer — Create Layer — New shapefile Layer



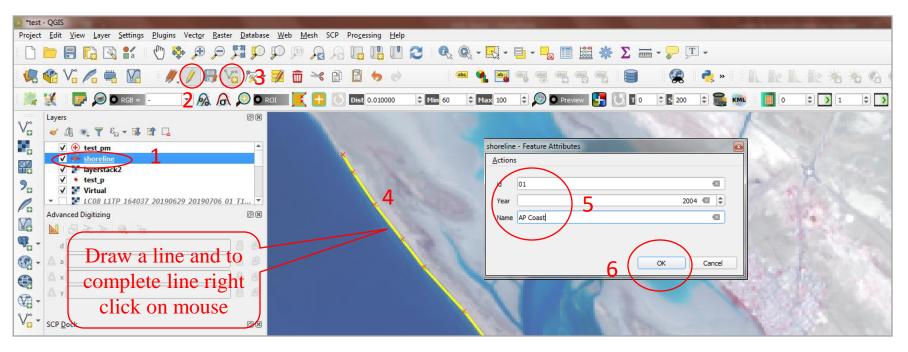




### Line Shapefile Editing:



- ➤ Select line shape file
- ➤ Click on Toggle editing add line feature draw a line on image



- ➤ To save edited data click on save layer edits.
- To stop editing click on Toggle editing



# Contin.....

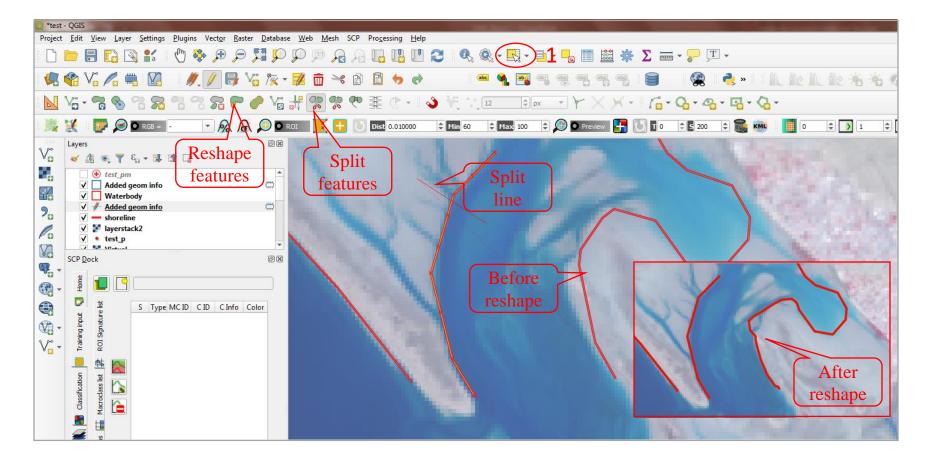


#### **Split line feature:**

- > Select the line which you want to split using select features by area or a single click
- ➤ Click on split features → draw a line where you want to split and right-click to complete the line

#### **Reshape Line feature:**

- > Select the line which you want to split using select features by area or a single click
- ➤ Click on the reshape feature → draw a line where you want to split and right-click to complete the line Note: Drawing a line in reshape the feature line first point and the last point should touch the line feature





Method: 02

NDWI Calculation:

NDWI = (Green-NIR)/(Green + NIR)

Convert to binary: NDWI>0.01 /-0.03
Convert binary to shapefile
Convert raster to Vector
Smooth line and edit



#### NDWI Calculation:

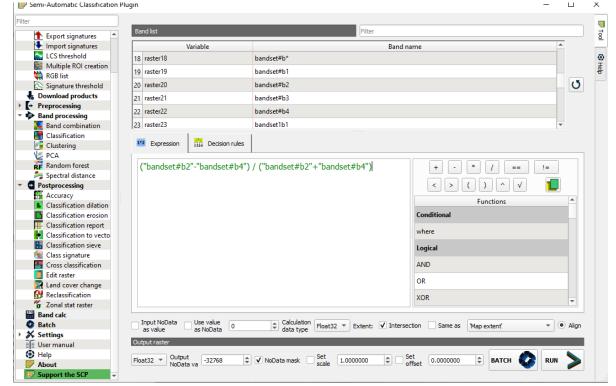
Method: 01

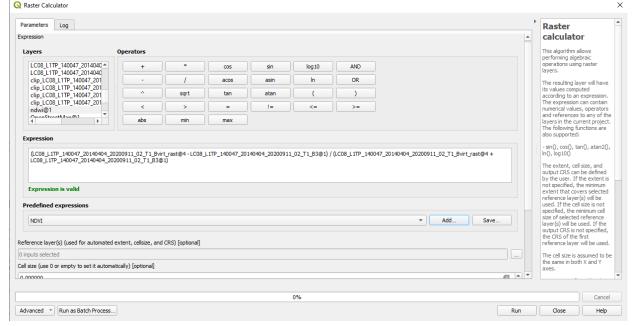
Go to SCP → post-processing → Band calc → write NDWI formula

NDWI formula = (Green-NIR)/(Green + NIR) → click on Run → Give name and output path.

#### Method:02

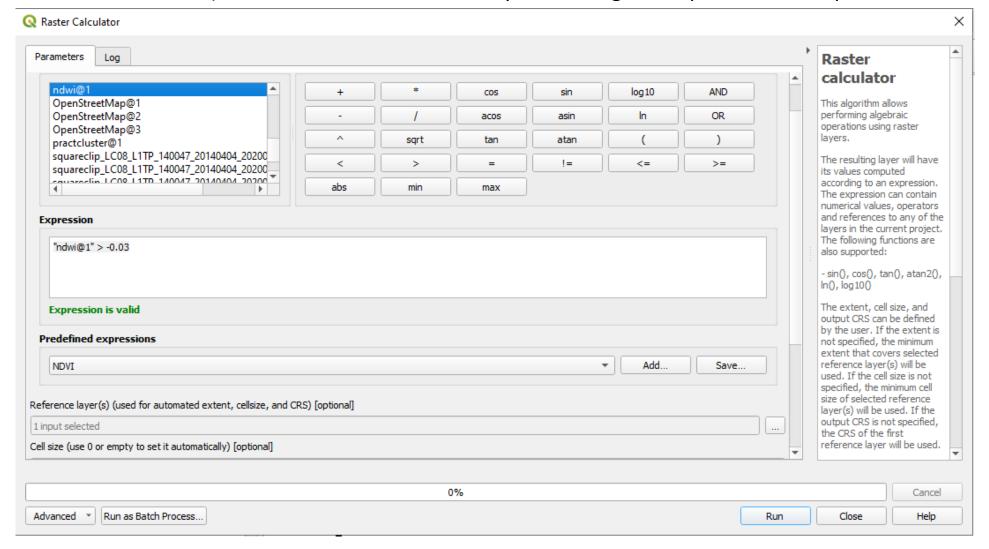
Go to processing toolbox  $\rightarrow$  Raster Analysis  $\rightarrow$  Raster Calculator  $\rightarrow$  Write NDWI formula or go to NDVI Click on Add  $\rightarrow$  select green band at Red and NIR at NIR  $\rightarrow$  ok  $\rightarrow$  Run.





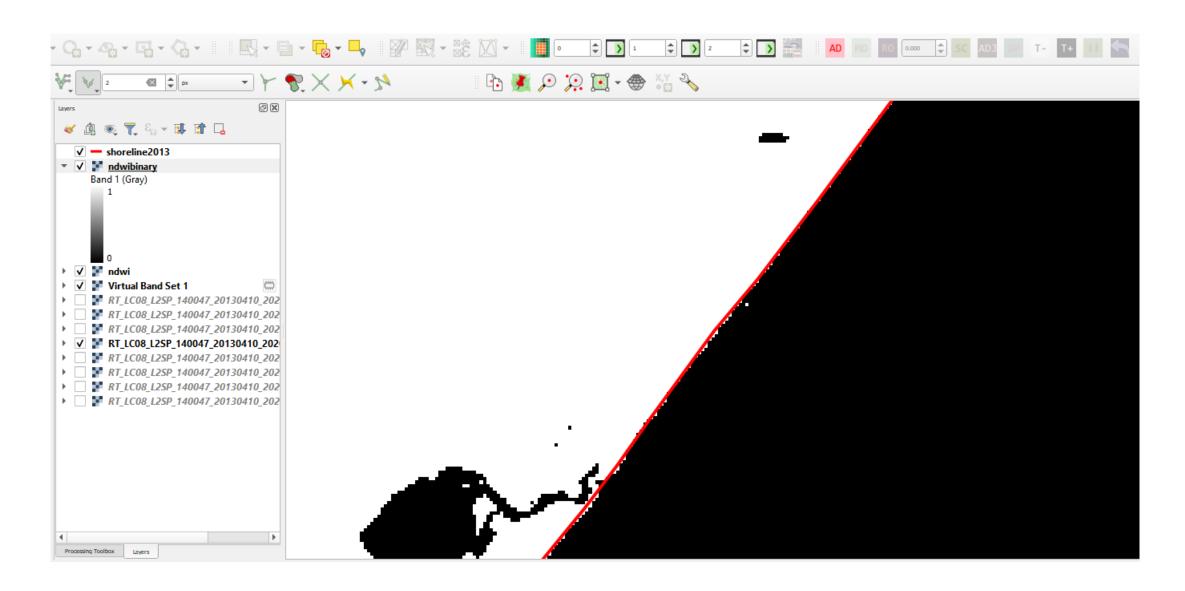


Now set the water and land NDWI range  $\rightarrow$  and convert it into binary(0,1) data. Go to processing toolbox  $\rightarrow$  Raster Analysis  $\rightarrow$  Raster Calculator  $\rightarrow$  Write threshold (ex: "ndwi@1" > -0.03)  $\rightarrow$  Reference  $\rightarrow$  select our layer CRS  $\rightarrow$  give output Name and path  $\rightarrow$  Run





NDWI to Binary conversion output. Here zero is the ocean (water body) part and one is the land part

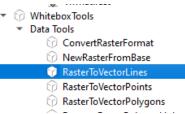


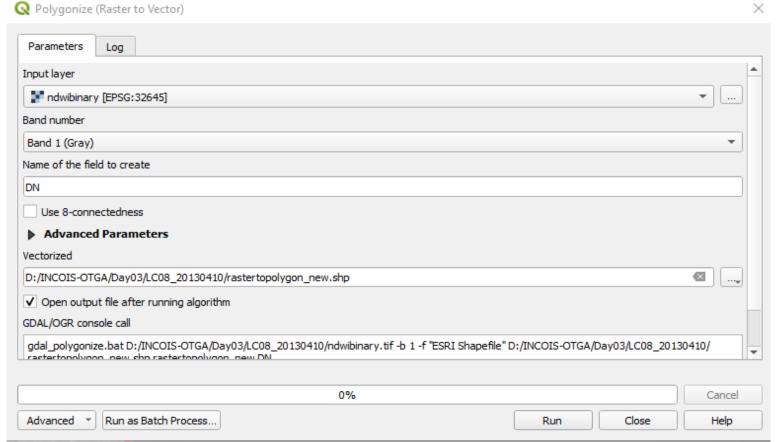


Convert from binary to polygon: Go to Raster  $\rightarrow$  Conversion  $\rightarrow$  Polygonise (Raster to Vector)  $\rightarrow$  input select our ndwibinary file, give output path and name  $\rightarrow$  run

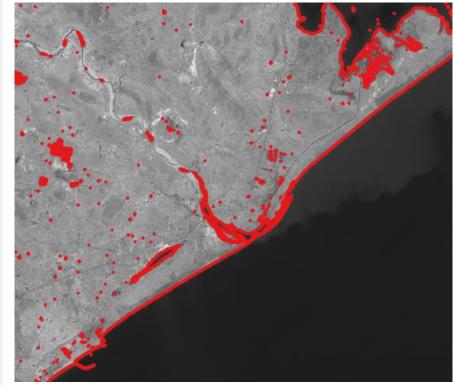
Or

Directly convert raster to line feature: Go to processing toolbox  $\rightarrow$  whitebox tools  $\rightarrow$  data tools  $\rightarrow$  RaterToVectorLines



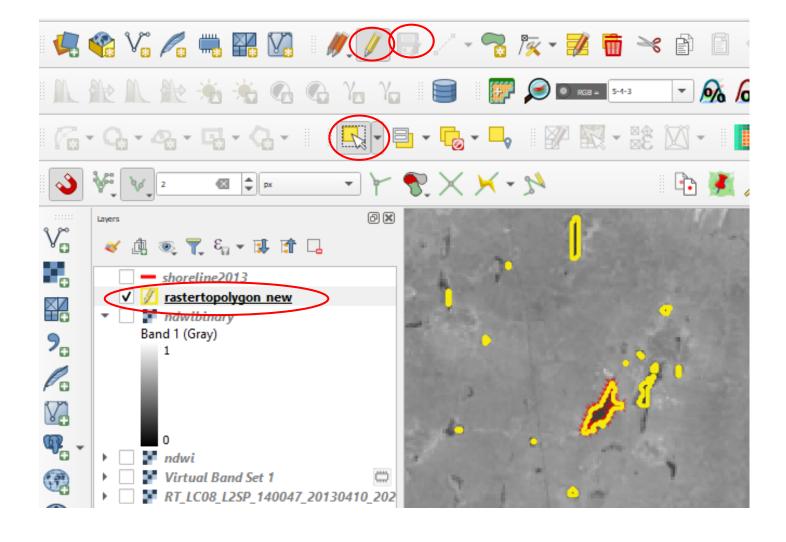


#### Output of the raster to vector conversion



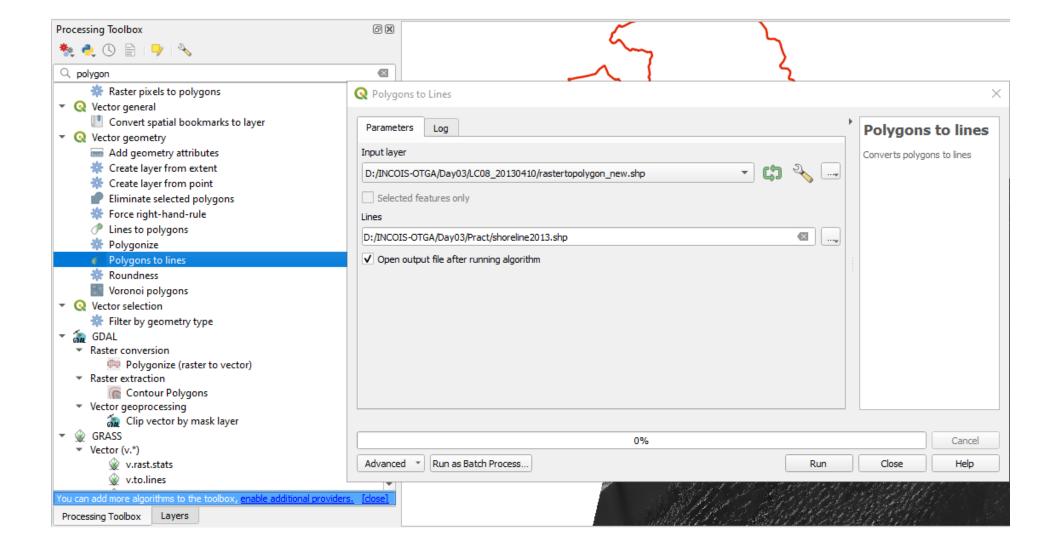


Now select rastertovector polygon file  $\rightarrow$  click on toggle editing  $\rightarrow$  select the and part polygons and delete, keeping only ocean part polygons  $\rightarrow$  click on save  $\rightarrow$  click on toggle edit to stop edit.





Now convert the polygon file to a line file: Go to processing toolbox  $\rightarrow$  Vector geometry  $\rightarrow$  select input fille (raster to vector)  $\rightarrow$  give path and output  $\rightarrow$  run





Line smooth: Go to processing toolbox  $\rightarrow$  Vector geometry  $\rightarrow$  smooth  $\rightarrow$  give input our line (shore line) feature  $\rightarrow$ give offset 0.25 or 0.5 (see the changes)  $\rightarrow$  give output path and name  $\rightarrow$  run

